# for the proof of fire behaviour according to DIN 4102-1

(Translation of the German Prüfzeugnis - no FLT 3761321 Reference: guarantee for translation of technical terms)

Client: Antalis International

8. rue de Seine

F - 92100 Boulogne-Billancourt

Test order 2021-09-13 2021-09-14 Arrived

Description of White, self-adhesive plastic films made of PVC, named "Coala Quickstick S",

"Coala Quickstick W" and "Coala Quickstick UV".

(for details see page 2)

Delivered: 2021-09-14

samples:

Content of request: Proof of flammability to classify building materials to

class B1 "schwerentflammbar" according to DIN 4102-1

The examined material meets the requirements of class Assessment:

> B1 for "schwerentflammbare" (not easily flammable) building materials according to DIN 4102-1 on metal

substrates.

(for details see page 5)

Validity: 2026-09-30

Sampling: The sample material was sent to the laboratory by the

manufacturer.

Remark: If the above-mentioned building material is not used as product according to MBO § 2, there is no need for a general building supervisory test certificate.

This test certificate is not regarded as the sole proof if the tested building material is used as building product within the meaning of state building prescriptions (MBO § 17).

This test certificate does not replace an eventually necessary proof of applicability concerning building supervisory or building laws in the meaning of state building prescriptions. This has to be verified by:

- "allgemeine bauaufsichtliche Zulassung" (general building inspectorate approval) or by
- "allgemeines bauaufsichtliches Prüfzeugnis (general building inspectorate certificate) or by
- "Zustimmung im Einzelfall (exceptional approval).

This test certificate can serve as a basis for building supervisory procedures for:

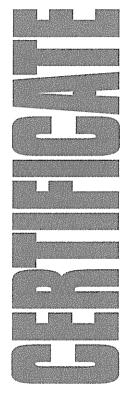
- regulated building products for the pre scribed proofs of conformity
   non-regulated building products for the needed proofs of applicability.



Dipl.-Ing. Uwe Kühnast

Steinstrasse 18 D - 14822 Borkheide Fon: +49 33845 90901 Fax: +49 33845 90909 Mail: info@firelabs.de

PÜZ-Stelle (LBO): BRA09







This test certificate comprises 5 pages and 5 enclosures.

#### 1 Test material

#### **1.1 Description** (according to the manufacturer)

The materials delivered are self-adhesive plastic films consisting of an approx. 0.35 mm thick white PVC film and an acrylic adhesive applied to the back, named "Coala Quickstick UV", as well as with an additional coating on the visible side (referred to as inkjet coating), named "Coala Quickstick S" and "Coala Quickstick W". The self-adhesive surfaces of the films were covered with a one-sided siliconised poly-propylene film. The self-adhesive films are to be used inside buildings on metal surfaces.

## 1.2 Description of the delivered samples

For the tests, 3 sample rolls of self-adhesive, white plastic film were sent to the laboratory. The self-adhesive surfaces of the films were covered with a white protective plastic film. The samples were each marked with the trade name, dimensions and batsch and have been deliverd in the following variants:

Trade name 1)	Visible surface	Colour	Sample size					
	Visible surface	Coloui	length [m]	width [m]				
Coala Quickstick S	colour-coated			1.02				
Coala Quickstick W	colour-coated	white	ca. 20	1.02				
Coala Quickstick UV	uncoated			1.04				

Trade names according to the client's specifications.

Characteristic values: see table 1; photos: see enclosures. Further details are not known to the laboratory, information about the manufacturer and a retain sample have been deposited.

#### 2 Preparation of specimen

For the small burner tests ("Brennkastenprüfungen") samples for edge flame exposure (dimensions 190 mm x 90 mm) and samples for surface flame exposure (dimensions 230 mm x 90 mm) were cut and bonded on one side to uncoated aluminium sheets of a thickness of 1 mm.

For the fire shaft ("Brandschacht") tests 8 specimen have been prepared. The samples (each 1000 mm x 190 mm) of the specimens A, C, E, G and H were cut in longitudinal direction, those of the specimens B, D and F from the transverse direction of the material and glued on one side to uncoated aluminium sheets of a thickness of 1 mm.

Afterwards all samples were kept in a climate acc. DIN 50014-23/50-2 until they reached constant weight.

#### 3 Test procedure

The small burner tests have been performed acc. DIN 4102-1, chapter 6.2.5 (building materials class B2). The tests in the fire shaft have been performed acc. DIN 4102-1 and -16 (building materials class B1). There was no additional substrate arranged behind the material compound.

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Examination period: October 2021

#### 4 Results

section 4.1 Material characteristics

section 4.2.1 Test results of small burner tests

section 4.2.2 Test results of tests in the fire shaft

#### 4.1 Material characteristics

Table 1

Characteristic valu	е		Manufacturer's data	Measured values (m.v.)
Coala	thickness	[mm]	$0.35 \pm 0.03$	0.33 (s=0.007)
Quickstick S	mass per unit area	[g/m <sup>2</sup> ]	470 ± 20	452
Coala	thickness	[mm]	$0.35 \pm 0.03$	0.35 (s=0.005)
Quickstick W	mass per unit area	[g/m <sup>2</sup> ]	450 ± 20	478
Coala	thickness	[mm]	$0.32 \pm 0.03$	0.29 (s=0.004)
Quickstick UV	mass per unit area	[g/m <sup>2</sup> ]	440 ± 20	423
Siliconised film	thickness	[mm]	0.1 ± 0.005	0.06
Siliconisea film	mass per unit area	[g/m <sup>2</sup> ]	70 ± 10	ca. 66

m.v. mean value

s standard deviation

#### 4.2 Results of the fire behaviour

### 4.2.1 Test results class B2 (Brennkasten)

According DIN 4102-1 all building materials class B1 must also meet the requirements of materials class B2 (low flammable). The material compound tested in "Brennkasten" acc. DIN 50 050 meets the requirements class B2; the materials did not show burning particles / droplets. (Results: see enclosure 5)

### 4.2.2 Test results class B1 (Brandschacht)

Table 3

able	3	Test r	esults	(nart	1)	1.1.00				
line		163(1	Courts	(part		results	s of sn	ecime	n	
no.		Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	require- ments
1	Number of specimen arrangement acc. DIN 4102 –15 Table 1	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	
2	Maximal flame height above bottom edge cm Time 1) min	90	90 2	80 2	80 2	80 2	70 2	90 2	90 2	*)
4	Burning / melting through Time <sup>1)</sup> min	. <i>I</i> .	. <i>I</i> .	./.	.1.	.1.	.1.	.1.	.1.	
5	Rear side of the specimens: Flames / glowing Time 1)min:s	./.	./.	./.	.1.	.1.	.1.	.1.	.1.	
6	Discolouring Time 1)min:s	./.	./.	./.	./.	./.	./.	.1.	./.	
7 8 9	Falling of burning droplets Begin 1)min:s Extend: Sporadic falling of burning droplets Continuous falling of burning droplets	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	
10 11 12	Falling of burning parts Begin 1)min:s Extend: Sporadic falling of burning parts Continuous falling of burning parts	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	
13	Afterflame time at the bottom of the sieve (max.)min:s	.1.	.1.	./.	./.	.1.	./.	.J.	./.	
14	Impairment of the burner flames by dropping or falling Material Time 1)min:s	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	
15	Premature end of test Final occurrence of burning at the specimen 1,min	No 10	No 10	No 10	No 10	No 10	No 10	No 10	No 10	PRÜFEA
16	Time of eventually end of test 1)min:s	./.	./.	./.	./.	./.	./.	./.	.l. /	

Indication of time: from the beginning of testing procedure

Not tested

<sup>. /.</sup> Not occurred

<sup>\*)</sup> No cause for complaint

	Ergebnisse der Brandschachtprüfung (Teil 2)													
Zeile					Test	result	s of sp	ecime	n					
Nr.		Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	require- ments				
17 18 19 20 21	Afterflame after end of test Timemin:s Number of specimen Front side of specimen Back side of specimen Flame length	No												
22 23 24 25 26 27	Afterglow after end of test Timemin:s Number of specimen Place of appearance: Lower half of specimen Upper half of specimen Front side of specimen Back side of specimen Smales density	Nein												
28 29 30	Smoke density ≤ 400 % min ≥ 400 % min (very strong smoke density) Diagram fig. no.	83.4 ./. 1	80.4 ./. 3	76.8 ./. 5	73.6 ./. 7	85.8 ./. 9	82.6 ./. 11	78,0 ./. 13	89.5 ./. 15					
31	Residual length Individual valuecm	31 30 35 33	35 36 33 37	41 42 40 40	40 41 40 40	35 36 34 35	35 32 34 35	33 33 33 35	35 34 32 35	> 0				
32	Average valuecm	32	35	40	40	35	34	33	34	≥ 15				
33	Photo of the test specimen fig. no.	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16					
34 35 36	Flue gas temperature Maximum of average value°C Time 1)min:s Diagram fig. no.	140 2:08 1	144 1:48 3	132 1:58 5	136 1:58 7	138 1:58 9	135 1:58 11	142 1:42 13	144 1:46 15	≤ 200				
37	Remarks: - Diagrams and Photos see enclose	ures 1	-4						/	PRÜFEN				

indication of time: from the beginning of testing procedure not tested

indication of time: from the beginning of testing procedure not tested

indication of time: from the beginning of testing procedure

not tested

indication of time: from the beginning of testing procedure

cause for complaint

vn test-number 1)

Test	Test-no.:	Direction of Samples	Trade name	Substrate			
Α	759621-001	longitudinal direction	Coala Quickstick S				
В	759621-002	transverse direction	Coala Quickstick S				
С	759621-003	longitudinal direction	Coala Quickstick W				
D	759621-004	transverse direction	Coala Quickstick VV	Aluminium			
E	759621-001	longitudinal direction	Coala Quickstick UV	Aluminum			
F	759621-002	transverse direction	Coala Quickstick OV				
G	759621-001	longitudinal direction	Coala Quickstick S				
Н	759621-002	longitudinal direction	Coala Quickstick S				

#### 5 **Assessment**

Section 4.2 lists the test results of the composite which is described in section 1 and compares the results with the requirements for not easily flammable building materials acc. DIN 4102-1. According to the test results the self-adhesive plastic film, fulfil the requirements of building materials class B1 according to DIN 4102-1, if used on one side onto metal surfaces:

- with a density ≥ 2025 kg/m³, a melting point ≥ 500 °C and a thickness ≥ 0,8 mm with a density ≥ 5890 kg/m³, a melting point ≥ 1000 °C and a thickness ≥ 0,6 mm and if the composite is mounted in a distance of > 40 mm to the same or other plain materials.

The requirements of building materials class B2 are also fulfilled. No falling of burning parts or droplets occurred during these tests.

The verification for

outdoor usage (ageing by outdoor weathering)

is not proved with this test certificate.

This test certificate is not valid, if the materials described in section 1 are used freely suspended.

#### Special remarks

This test certificate is only valid for the material as described under paragraph 1. In combination with other materials or with additional coatings or surfaces etc. the burning behaviour may differ.

This test certificate is not valid, as soon as the product is used as a building product in the sense of the "Landesbauordnungen" (state building requirements, MBO § 17).

This test certificate is no substitute for a General Building Inspectorate Certificate. This test certificate is granted without prejudice to the rights of third parties, or particular private proprietary rights.

In General Building Inspectorates procedures this test certificate can be based for

regulated building materials for the required proof of accordance

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for not regulated building materials for the required proof of applicability

The explanations given in DIN 4102-1 app. D, especially concerning an external production control has to be considered.

This test certificate is valid until 2026-09-30, provided that the test methods, the classification rules and the technology do not change during this period.

Borkheide, 19th November 2021

Head of the test laboratory (Dipl.-Ing. Uwe Kühnast)

This translation was issued 19th November 2021, in a case of doubt the German version is valid solely.

## Test specimen A

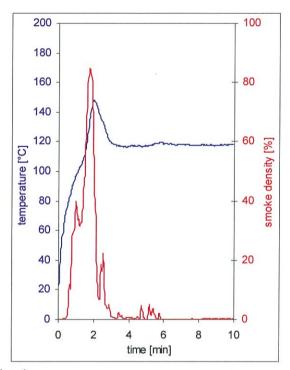


fig. 1
Graphs of the flue gas temperature and the smoke density

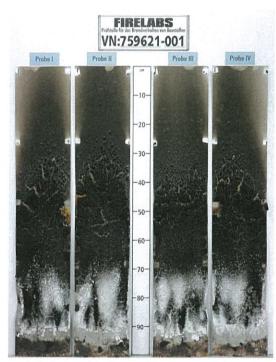


fig. 2 Photo of the test specimen after the test

## Test specimen B

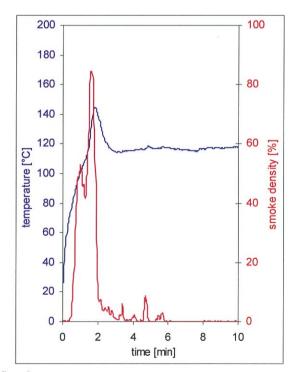
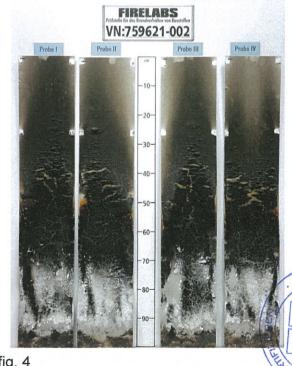


fig. 3
Graphs of the flue gas temperature and the smoke density



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fig. 4
Photo of the test specimen after the test

## Test specimen C

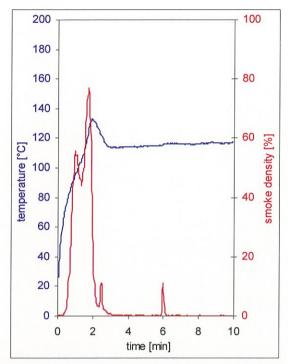


fig. 5
Graphs of the flue gas temperature and the smoke density

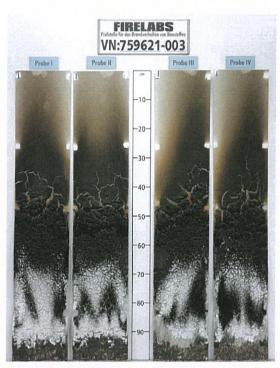


fig. 6 Photo of the test specimen after the test

## Test specimen D

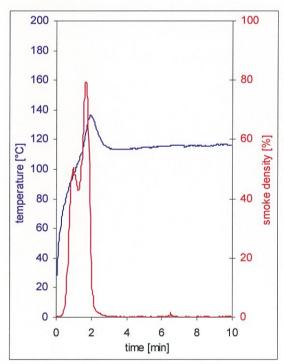
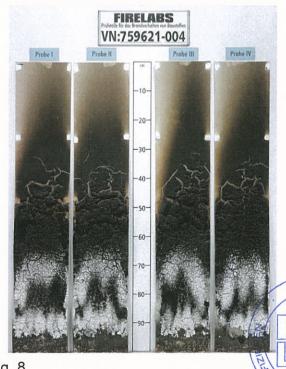


fig. 7 Graphs of the flue gas temperature and the smoke density



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fig. 8

Photo of the test specimen after the test

## Test specimen E

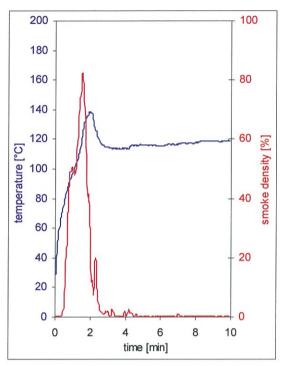


fig. 9
Graphs of the flue gas temperature and the smoke density

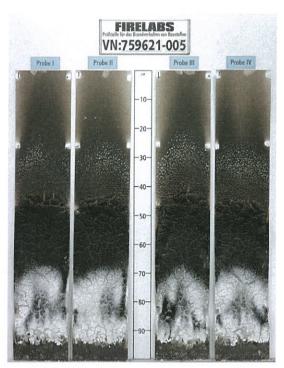


fig. 10 Photo of the test specimen after the test

## Test specimen F

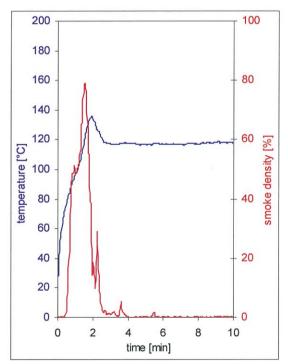
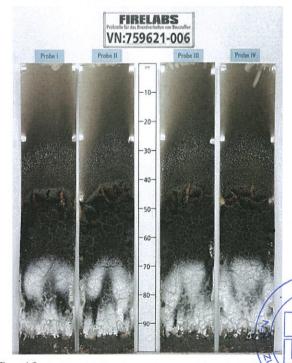


fig. 11 Graphs of the flue gas temperature and the smoke density



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fig. 12
Photo of the test specimen after the test

## Test specimen G

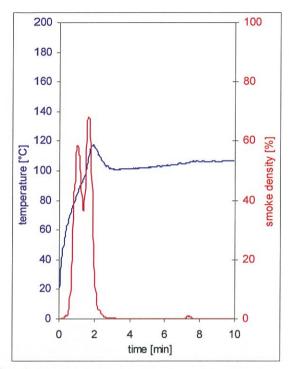


fig. 13 Graphs of the flue gas temperature and the smoke density

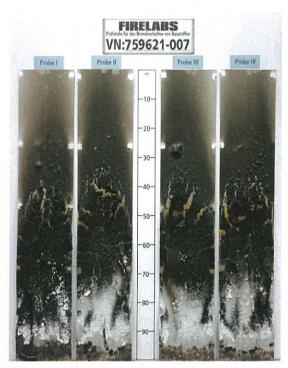


fig. 14 Photo of the test specimen after the test

## Test specimen H

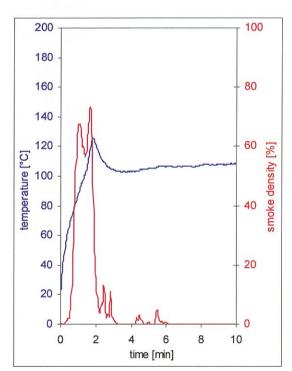
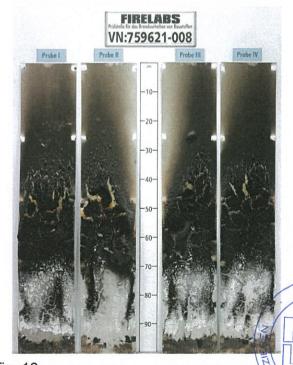


fig. 15 Graphs of the flue gas temperature and the smoke density



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Photo of the test specimen after the test

#### Test results class B2 (Brennkasten)

Table 2.1 (complete set of samples)

Coala Quickstick W	longitudinal direction								ran	sver	dim.	require- ments				
Sample-No.	1	2	3	4	5	6	-	1	2	3	4	5	6	-	-	-
Ignition of the sample	1	1	1	1	1	./.	-	1	1	1	1	1	./.	-	s	-
Maximum flame height	1	2	2	2	1	./.	-	2	2	2	1	2	./.	-	cm	-
Time of the maximum	2	2	2	2	2	./.	-	4	5	3	2	4	./.	-	s	-
Flame tip reached the 150 mm test mark	./.	./.	./.	./.	./.	./.	-	./.	./.	./.	./.	./.	./.	-	s	≥ 20
Flames extinguished	16	16	16	16	16	./.	-	16	16	16	16	16	./.	-	s	-
Ignition of filter paper	./.	./.	./.	./.	./.	./.	-	./.	./.	./.	./.	./.	./.	-	s	1)
Smoke density (visual)			ve	ry lo	)W			very low							-	-
Flames have been extinguished	./.	./.	./.	./.	./.	./.	./.	./.	./.	./.	./.	./.	./.	./.	./.	-
Afterburning time	./.	./.	./.	./.	./.	./.	./.	./.	./.	./.	./.	./.	./.	./.	./.	-

View of the samples after the test (20 seconds after exposure the flame):

The samples were destroyed at flame impingement area up to a max height of about 1 cm and approx. 1.5 cm in width, slightly soot above about 3 cm.

Surface flame exposure: no ignition of the sample surface

Samples 1-5: edge flame exposure

Samples 6: surface flame exposure (no ignition)

Table 2.2

		Coala Quickstick S							Coala Quickstick UV							V	dim.	require- ments
Sample-No.	1	2	3	4	5	6	-	-	1	2	3	4	5	6	-	-	-	-
Ignition of the sample	1	1	./.	1	1	./.	-	-	1	1	./.	1	1	./.	-	-	s	-
Maximum flame height	2	1	./.	2	2	./.	-	-	1	1	./.	1	1	./.	-	-	cm	-
Time of the maximum	2	2	"./.	4	5	./.	-	-	1	2	./.	1	1	./.	-	-	s	-
Flame tip reached the 150 mm test mark	./.	./.	./.	./.	./.	./.	-	-	./.	./.	./.	./.	./.	./.	-	-	s	> 20
Flames extinguished	16	16	./.	16	16	./.	-	-	16	16	./.	16	16	./.	-	-	s	s
Ignition of filter paper	./.	./.	./.	./.	./.	./.	-	-	./.	./.	./.	./.	./.	./.	-	-	s	1)
Smoke density (visual)		very low							very low							-	-	
Flames have been extinguished	./.	./.	./.	./.	./.	./.	-	-	./.	./.	./.	./.	./.	./.	-	-	s	-

View of the samples after the test (20 seconds after exposure the flame):

The samples were destroyed at flame impingement area up to a max height of about 1 cm and 1.5 cm in width, slightly soot above about 3 cm.

Surface flame exposure: no ignition of the sample surface

Samples 1, 2: edge flame exposure longitudinal direction Samples 3: surface flame exposure transverse direction Samples 4, 5: edge flame exposure longitudinal direction Samples 6: surface flame exposure transverse direction

No ignition within 20 seconds

./. Not occurred dim. Dimension

Indication of time: from the beginning of testing procedure Indication of measurements: from reference line of the flame